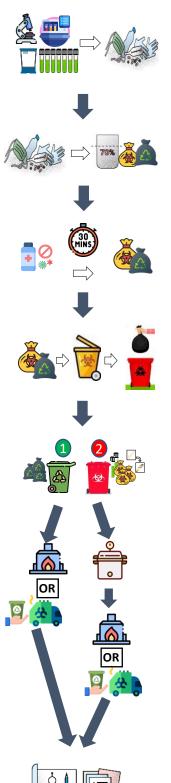


Waste Management of TB Reference Laboratory: Job Aid

Waste Disposal Process for TB Reference Laboratory



- After sample processing, performing of Culture & DST, LPA, Gene Xpert etc., put the infected waste into the waste bag* containing disinfectant solution**.
- Fill 70% of bags to avoid the spill and seal them properly.
- Treat the waste bag for at least 30 minutes with disinfectant. This process will be completed within the Biosafety Cabinet.
- Separate and label the waste bags as Infected & General waste and stored them in covered waste bins*** before Autoclaving.
- The waste bag should be colorcoded based on the respective laboratory practice policies.
- 1. General waste should be Incinerated or disposed with the General Waste System of the Laboratory or Hospital.
- Autoclave infected waste bag (filled with culture tubes, tips, cough pot, cartridges etc.) at 121°C, approximately 15 psi for 30 minutes. Use Autoclave Tape as the indicator.
- Do not load phenol & alcohol containing materials into Autoclave.
- After Autoclave, dispose of the waste as General waste.
- Keep a record of Waste Management.

Colored Waste Bags*

 Red Plastic Biohazard Bags
Yellow Garbage Bags
Blue Recycling Bags



Infectious waste which has not been autoclaved or decontaminated must be double bagged and sealed then placed within a sealable and lockable container for removal from the laboratory. An Autoclave bag marked with a biohazard logo is suitable.

Disinfectant Solutions**

- 1. 5% Phenol
- 2. 0.1% Chlorine
- 3. 70% Alcohol
- 4. 2% Peracetic Acid

Note: Do not load phenol & alcohol containing materials into Autoclave

Colored Waste Bins***



Green Bin: For General Wastes Red Bin: For Infected Plastic-made Wastes Yellow Bin: For Infected Wastes Blue Bin: For Glassware Wastes

Autoclave

- Suitable to Autoclaving-
- Instruments, Glassware, Media or Solutions
- Mycobacterial cultures
- All infectious materials





"Autoclave Tape" will be changed strip color from white to black after autoclaving

Reference: Laboratory Safety, Global Edition 2019, GLI



Infectious Disease Detection and Surveillance (IDDS)

